

WHY NOT?

WHY not change your boy's winter suit for one that is more suitable to the season and weather? It is almost cruel to keep him in heavy clothing now when you can get such stylish and SERVICEABLE SPRING garments for such a SMALL amount of MONEY at B. ROBINSON & CO.'S, 909 Pa. ave. n. w.

You will want to get some shirt waists also, and here is the place to buy them. Lots of pretty effects in stripes, plaids, checks and figures, all colors and combinations in Percalés, Linens, Flannel and Cheviot. The BEST FITTING shirt waists to be found anywhere. All sizes. Proper prices.

Now is the time the Boys and Children need a lighter outside garment. See the stylish SPRING OVERCOATS and nobby light-weight REEFERS that we have in almost ENDLESS variety. All sizes and prices.

B. ROBINSON & CO., Designers of Boys' Clothing, 909 PA. AVE. N. W.

THE "BLACK DIAMOND GANG."

Vacant House Deputies Sent to the Grand Jury.

Officers Mattingly, Pearson and Dalley have succeeded in apprehending the "Black Diamond" gang on the Island, and six of them—John Harris, George Carter, Richard Sanders, Isaac Jones, Robert Johnson and Charles Matthews, all colored—were in the Police Court dock this morning. It has been ascertained that they entered twelve vacant houses in different parts of the city. They disposed of their booty at Somerville's, on Thirteenth street, so they say. Their depredations consisted principally in tearing the copper bottoms out of bathtubs, carrying off gas fixtures, lead pipe, and everything else of that nature. They would damage a house to the extent of several hundred dollars, and receive only a few paltry cents for the plunder.

The boys constituting this crowd average from 12 to 16 years of age, and Judge Butler held them all, with the exception of Matthews, for the grand jury, and added one year in jail.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

The Excursion-Car Case Decided in Favor of "Penny."

The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day decided the complaint of the Worcester Excursion Car Company against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, the opinion being rendered by Commissioner Bragg. The main question involved in this proceeding was where a railroad company has furnished to the public, by arrangement with one car company, a sufficient supply of sleeping and excursion cars for all the business on its lines, whether it can be compelled, against its objection, to have its passenger trains, excursion cars belonging to other private car companies. The Commission decided it could not and dismissed the petition.

Another Railroad Hearing.

The Commissioners to-day granted a hearing to the parties interested in the proposed incorporation of the East and West Washington Railroad Company. The route proposed runs from the new Pennsylvania avenue bridge, through the eastern section of the city and on streets not occupied by other roads, and connects with the Pennsylvania Electric road. There was quite a large delegation present and a number of speeches were made. The Commissioners will prepare a report for transmission to Congress within a few days.

Thomas Sweeney Fined.

Thomas J. Sweeney, the keeper of a cigar store and pool-room on No. 123 Four-and-a-half street, southwest, stood trial in the Police Court this morning on a combined charge of selling liquor to minors and keeping an unlicensed bar. The charge of keeping an unlicensed bar was not sustained, but the defendant was fined \$40 for selling to minors. The judge said he wished he could make it \$500.

Single Hearing Easily.

Jeremiah Nigle, the employee of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving who made such a desperate effort yesterday morning to put an end to his life by cutting his throat, is resting easily to-day at Providence Hospital, and the prospects of his early recovery are encouraging. He feels penitent over the rash act, and says that he has no sensible conception as to what ever induced him to do it.

EMULATING MR. REED.

EFFORTS TO FACILITATE THE BUSINESS OF THE SENATE.

Considering the L. E. and J. Bill. Clerks for Senators—Relative Merits of Both Parties Concerning Economical Administration.

In the Senate to-day Mr. Chandler offered a resolution to adopt as a standing rule of the Senate a new rule providing that debate on any bill or resolution shall not continue more than six days. If a quorum shall refuse or fail to vote, the Presiding Officer, at the request of any Senator, shall cause to be entered upon the journal the names of all Senators present and not voting; and such Senators shall be deemed and taken as in attendance and present as a part of a quorum, and declaration of the result of the vote shall be made accordingly.

In reply to a question by Mr. Eastis, Mr. Chandler stated that the resolution was his own and not dictated by a caucus.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules.

On motion of Mr. Hoar the pending motion for reconsideration of the vote passing the bill to amend the charter of the Eckington and Soldiers' Home Railroad Company, was laid on the table, and a conference ordered on the disagreement between the two Houses. This allows the company to run its tracks along New York avenue and Fifth street to G, along G to Fifth, terminating opposite the Treasury.

Mr. Reagan then addressed the Senate on his bill to repeal all laws providing for the retiring of officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

In the House.

In the House Mr. Harmer presented a memorial of the Manufacturers' Club of Philadelphia, representing many millions of capital invested in American industries and many thousands of workmen earning American wages, in favor of prompt action on tariff legislation which shall check the importation of articles produced by our own people.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Payson in the chair, on the Legislative, Executive and Judicial bill, the pending question being on the motion of Mr. Dunne to strike out the clause providing clerks for Senators.

Mr. Sayers of Texas quoted statistics to show that the increase of officers and salaries which the Democratic House of the Fifteenth Congress had been charged with being responsible for, had not been made by the House, but had been placed upon the appropriation bills by a Republican Senate, and the House had been compelled to acquiesce in order to save the bill.

Mr. Cannon said that after the Democratic House had refused to carry out the recommendation of a Democratic President, Democratic Representatives would go to the Republican Senate and have amendments put on there which they had not the courage to propose in the House.

Mr. Breckinridge of Kentucky hoped that the motion would prevail. If the clause were to be in the bill it should be the request of the Senate. He thought the House was yielding too much to the Senate, anyway, and cited the tariff legislation of the Forty-Seventh Congress as evidence. He said that the House at the present time had passed the District Appropriation bill, so hastily that the people of the District were not heard and had to appeal to the Senate to be heard with reference to it. This was a virtual abdication of the power of the House to originate appropriation bills.

Mr. Butterworth said the estimates for Senatorial clerks had come in in the usual way and had been acted upon in the usual way by the Committee on Appropriations. He said that Senators wanted clerks, let them have them. Representatives ought also to have clerks. Nine out of ten members would have them if it were not for the vote. Nine out of every ten were wild to get clerks, but when the year and days were called they went on dress parade and voted against the proposition. [Laughter and applause.]

If he had a clerk he would be worth \$10,000 a year more to his constituents, because he would not have to go tramp, tramp, tramp from Department to Department doing all things on earth except the business he went here to do.

Messrs. Kerr and Holman, of course, opposed the proposition to give clerks to Representatives.

Messrs. Cushman and Allen of Michigan favored the bill, and would be heard on their constituents' behalf. The motion to strike out was lost, 85 to 87.

Concerning Committee Appointments.

The Pennsylvania influence is being used to help Mr. Mitchell, he said, to place on the Eighteenth Pennsylvania District, placed upon the House Appropriations Committee, vice the late Samuel J. Randall. Mr. Mitchell is already a member of three committees—Coinage, Weights and Measures, Labor, and Private Land Claims. Of course he would have to give up one or more of these, which he would do cheerfully to get the promotion.

His chief rival, or rather the man Mr. Mitchell's friends fear the most, is Mr. Cushman of Ohio. He is on two committees—Education and Expenditures in the Treasury Department. He would willingly give these up to go on Appropriations.

Mr. Breckinridge says he thinks Mr. Mills will be put on the Committee on Rules in place of the late Mr. Randall, because Mr. Mills was a member of that committee in the last Congress.

The "Record" Records an Error.

A singular error occurred in the Congressional Record's report of the proceedings of the Senate of last Saturday. That always able, sometimes amusing and usually accurate journal had this paragraph:

"Mr. Morrill, on motion directed by the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to move that the bill (H. R. 407) to amend section 25 of the act of March 2, 1879, entitled 'An act making appropriations for the service of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, and for other purposes,' be recommitted to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds."

quisition of certain parcels of real estate embraced in square numbered 180 of the city of Washington, to provide an eligible site for a City Post-office.

Oddly enough this error has not been corrected as yet.

Aimed at the Lotteries and Papers.

The bill introduced in the House yesterday by Mr. Moore of New Hampshire to prohibit the advertising of lotteries in the District, provides that it shall not be lawful within the District of Columbia for any person to advertise or publish an advertisement of any lottery scheme, or any other scheme or game of chance, for the sale of any lottery ticket or tickets, or any interest therein, or the sale of any ticket or tickets in any other scheme or game of chance, or any interest therein, in any newspaper, circular, hand-bill or poster or in any other way.

Section 2. That any person violating any provision of the foregoing section shall be prosecuted therefore in the Police Court of said District, and if found guilty shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$500, or be imprisoned in the jail of said District for a period not exceeding six months, or both so fined and imprisoned, in the discretion of the Court.

Capitol Notes.

It is understood that the House Committee on Territories has about agreed to report favorably a bill to admit New Mexico and Utah as States, with a disqualifying clause as to Mormons.

The Committee on Claims to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

The House "Confidential" Committee to-day made a favorable report on the bill for the relief of Dr. Mary Walker, substituting \$2,000 in lieu of \$10,000.

Mr. Faulkner introduced in the Senate to-day a bill to authorize the President to call upon the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and of the Judiciary.

THE LABOR SITUATION.

BRIGHTER OUTLOOK FOR THE WORKINGMEN IN NEW YORK.

Employers May Accede to Their Demands—The Threatened Strike on the New York Central—Chicago Brickmakers Go Out.

New York, April 23.—The committee appointed by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners and the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners called upon several boss carpenters yesterday.

"We were received very pleasantly and had long talks with several of the employers," said one of the members of the committee, "but we have no idea what the employers will do upon the eight-hour question. They did not say anything that would give us a hint."

"That we get the consideration we do from the employers speaks well for our success, however. I am satisfied that if employers can possibly accede to our demands they will do so. If it is shown that the unions will not recede from their position it is more than likely that a compromise will be effected whereby the carpenters will be paid by the hour."

The New York Central Labor along the line of the New York Central Railroad have been talking for more than a week of striking because of grievances against Theodore Voorhees, the general superintendent. The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

The officials of the road have uniformly denied that there was any cause for a strike, or any expectation of it, but the leaders of the local assemblies keep on talking strike all the same.

BURGARS RAID A COUNTY.

NUMEROUS COMPLAINTS FROM TOWNS IN THE WYOMING VALLEY.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 23.—A formidable gang of burglars are operating in the Wyoming Valley. For several weeks past attempts at housebreaking have been made in a number of the adjoining towns and excitement has reached a high pitch.

Last Sunday night William art store, on Main street, Plymouth, was selected as a place of attack. There was known to be a large sum of money in the store. The burglars, three in number, effected an entrance, but were met by the proprietor, who slept in one room of the store, and put to flight. A few moments later the grocery store of C. L. Boyle was broken open, but Owen Jones, who chanced to be there, frustrated the design by emptying his revolver at the marauders.

Monday evening the home of Postmaster J. D. Shiffer, in West Pittsburg, was entered. The barking of a dog aroused the family and scared the intruders away. The same evening the office of Dr. Mayer of Wilkesbarre was molested, as was also the residence of the McClintocks, and at 1 o'clock an entrance was effected into the house of City Engineer Ingham on River street. True enough, Night Watchman Bunker failed to attempt and led to the arrest of two of the gang, who were found equipped with all the paraphernalia of professional crooks. They refused to give their names.

But the most audacious attempt at burglary was made on Main street, Pittsburg, about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, when one of the gang forced open the confectionery and fruit stand belonging to Joe McLaughlin, and the gang was rummaging the cash drawer when Officer Weathers appeared. The burglar fled, with Weathers in pursuit. When down near Keystone Hall the former turned and made a vicious onslaught upon the officer, compelling him to await reinforcements. The crook was finally landed in the lock-up, but declines to give his name. The headquarters of the gang are believed to be in Plymouth, where they have taken refuge, with ramifications throughout the entire valley.

JERSEY REPUBLICANS CONFUSED.

The House Appoints a Committee to Hunt Up Election Frauds.

TRENTON, April 23.—The Republicans were thrown into confusion yesterday by Fred Marsh, the bright young Democratic leader of the majority in the House of Assembly, introducing a resolution, which was adopted, that a special committee of five members be appointed to investigate the charges of election fraud in the past.

The resolution is understood to be aimed at Camden county and other Republican strongholds, where the Democrats claim to have received illegal votes in the election of 1888. After many efforts on the part of the Republicans to kill the resolution it passed by a party vote of 25 to 15.

Immediately after its passage Speaker Hopewell appointed the following committee: Marsh, Katsch, Mullone, Norris and Ward. The latter two are Republicans. The committee will begin their work at once.

TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION.

Several Workmen Killed and Injured—Their Names.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., April 23.—Three men were instantly killed and six others badly injured by an explosion early this morning at the above place. Two of those injured will probably die. The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

The explosion was caused by the collapse of the flue end of a big boiler. The explosion was terrific and the escaping steam scorched everything for some distance around. The killed are: George K. Smith, John Welsh and John Murphy.

Injured, Barney Regan, badly scalded; Lawrence Flynn, scalded; Joseph Rounds, arm broken and badly injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured; John Welsh, head and neck injured.

THE RECORD OF CRIME.

NEWS OF THE WORK OF EVIL-DOERS BROUGHT BY THE WIRES.

Desperate Attempt to Ditch a Train—Mysterious Case on the Chicago Lake Front—A Murderer Disposed of—Killed With a Sledge Hammer.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., April 23.—Frank Phillips was killed Saturday on the Lake Erie by Colonel W. S. Smith, formerly of the Confederate army. Phillips had previously met Smith and threatened to kill him because he sent him (Phillips) father to prison during the war, causing the father's death. Smith persuaded Phillips that this was not so, and Phillips went away. A few hours later, however, Phillips went to Smith's house and shot him as he lay asleep, inflicting a slight wound. He supposed he had killed him and left the premises.

Smith found out that Phillips was under indictment for murder in Logan County, W. Va. He went there, procured a requisition, returned and organized a posse to arrest Phillips. They found Phillips on Peter Creek Saturday, and it is supposed that he resisted arrest, but that is definitely known is that he was shot and killed. Phillips was active in driving out the Hatfield gang, and it was for killing two of that gang that he was indicted in West Virginia.

A DASTARDLY ACT.

Partially Successful Attempt to Wreck a Passenger Train.

DES MOINES, IOWA, April 23.—A deliberate and partially successful attempt to wreck an eastbound Rock Island passenger train was made in the outskirts of East Des Moines Monday night after midnight. Two coaches were derailed. The train was passing through one of the coaches which was turned over in the ditch, and all of them were shaken up and more or less bruised. The injured are: Mrs. E. M. Post of Omaha, Miss Carrie Child of Adams, Mich., bruises on shoulder, back and limbs; A. Trimmer of Anita, out and bruised about the head; William Piper of Des Moines, badly bruised about the body.

The cause of the accident was an open switch, which, however, the trainmen say was not open until the engine and one car had passed the switch, and it is thought that the switch was thrown by some one who lay alongside the track by means of an iron bar which was found near the place.

MURDER OR SUICIDE.

A Mysterious Occurrence on the Chicago Lake Front.

CHICAGO, April 23.—A watchman near the Rush street bridge heard a splash in the water shortly before midnight last night, and running to the wharf, found a hat and bundle, which probably belonged to the man who was in the water. Grappling irons were at once used, but the body could not be found. The hat left on the dock contained a card marked "C. R. Davidson, with James A. Miller, Insurance Agent, Nos. 169 and 171 La Salle street." A railroad ticket to Ravenswood was also found. The bundle contained a change of pair of shoes. The Rush street bridge tender had seen a drunken man carrying a package wandering about with two rough-looking individuals at once used, but the body could not be found. The hat left on the dock contained a card marked "C. R. Davidson, with James A. Miller, Insurance Agent, Nos. 169 and 171 La Salle street." A railroad ticket to Ravenswood was also found. The bundle contained a change of pair of shoes. The Rush street bridge tender had seen a drunken man carrying a package wandering about with two rough-looking individuals at once used, but the body could not be found. The hat left on the dock contained a card marked "C. R. Davidson, with James A. Miller, Insurance Agent, Nos. 169 and 171 La Salle street." A railroad ticket to Ravenswood was also found. The bundle contained a change of pair of shoes. The Rush street bridge tender had seen a drunken man carrying a package wandering about with two rough-looking individuals at once used, but the body could not be found. The hat left on the dock contained a card marked "C. R. Davidson, with James A. Miller, Insurance Agent, Nos. 169 and 171 La Salle street." A railroad ticket to Ravenswood was also found. The bundle contained a change of pair of shoes. The Rush street bridge tender had seen a drunken man carrying a package wandering about with two rough-looking individuals at once used, but the body could not be found. The hat left on the dock contained a card marked "C. R. Davidson, with James A. Miller, Insurance Agent, Nos. 169 and 171 La Salle street." A railroad ticket to Ravenswood was also found. The bundle contained a change of pair of shoes. The Rush street bridge tender had seen a drunken man carrying a package wandering about with two rough-looking individuals at once used, but the body could not be found. The hat left on the dock contained a card marked "C. R. Davidson, with James A. Miller, Insurance Agent, Nos. 169 and 171 La Salle street." A railroad ticket to Ravenswood was also found. The bundle contained a change of